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DOS and JCS review(s) completed.

GENERAL

1. Western delegates consider Soviet agreement at Foreign Ministers Conference unlikely (page 2).

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- 2. Current lack of Communist aggressiveness in Korea deceptive (page 2).
- 3. Communists may be saving air arm for strategic reasons (page 3).
- 4. Comment on Chinese Communists' seizure of British Asiatic Petroleum Company Properties (page 3).

NEAR EAST

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25X1A

25X1

GENERAL

1	• Western delegates unlikely:	consider Soviet agreement at	Foreign Ministers Conference
			N 55
25X1	Ministers' meeting all the USSR sees is it presents to "split hinder Western rea Trieste question. Ministers' meeting whether the USSR sepurposes, since the tribution and the rest the USSR may be us to a full war economic the Korean offensive adds that the UK definition public opinion insist is a faint chance of thave tentatively discagreement on a Fore	views that the Soviet per unlikely agreement with should one be held. French in a meeting now is its propagated the West, upset plans for a rmament, and prevent any Italian Parodi suggests that under primight be dangerous. British till wants a Foreign Ministers of USSR now knows that it cannot armament of the West. The Italian Four Power negotiations by and to play for time while are and the political situation in finitely wants a Foreign Ministers that a meeting be held and lagreement with the USSR at secussed a direct approach to Ministers and the political situation in the state of the west and the political situation in the state of the west and the political situation in the state of the west and the political situation in the state of the west and the political situation in the west and the west	delegate Parodi believes that anda value and the opportunity German military contribution, do-Yugoslab settlement of the esent circumstances a Foreign delegate Davies questions of meeting except for propaganda of stop a German military constitish delegate suggests that to determine whether to shift awaiting the possible effects of the UK and France. Davies sters' meeting, since British because the UK believes there such a meeting. The delegates to scow in an attempt to reach US delegate adds the Communication.
		FAR EAST	Kokes
2.	Current lack of Con	nmunist aggressiveness in K o	
25X1A		The Intelligence Staff of in an estimate of the ene the enemy's "quiescent a	the US Far Eastern Command, my's capabilities, warns that attitude" of the past 48 hours as an indication he has spent

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25X1A

25X1A	his offensive effort. "The estimate adds that all evidence points to an early resumption of the offensive and cites the extremely heavy southward movement of vehicles in the enemy's rear (over 2, 800 during the night of 29-30 April) as an indication of such intentions.
25X1D	
3.	Communists may be saving air arm for strategic reasons:
25X1A	The Intelligence Staff of the US Far Eastern Command, speculating on the enemy's "surprising failure to utilize his air arm in coordination with the current
	ground offensive, "believes that, while intensive UN bombing of North Korean airfields and adverse weather conditions may have influenced the enemy's decision, the present enemy air inactivity over. Korea could be a "deliberate stand-down for mechanical preparation." If this be the case, the enemy may be readying his air arm for "commitment when the forward
	drive of his present ground offensive fails" or for employment "in defense of supply lines as they are automatically extended, thus countering what in the past has proved his foremost vulnerability."
25X1	
	were encountered over northwestern Korea during the period of the current Communist offensive.

4. Comment on Chinese Communists' seizure of British Asiatic Petroleum Company Properties:

The wording of Peiping's announcement requisitioning the properties in China of the British Asiatic Petroleum Company indicates that the Communists are retaliating against the British for their seizure of the tanker

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25X1A

Yung Hao in Hong Kong on 7 April.

Kong for the Chinese Nationalists, was taken over by a Communist crew. British authorities seized the vessel with great reluctance and only after strong US representations that the tanker would be militarily useful to the Communists. With Hong Kong businessmen and officials already nettled as a result of US controls on trade with the colony, the present consequences of yielding to pressure in the Yung Hao case may further embitter feeling in Hong Kong toward the US. Hong Kong is also concerned over the future consequences of its action in a parallel case/--the disputed ownership of 71 formerly Nationalist aircraft now claimed by the Chinese Communists. The vigor of Peiping's reaction to the Yung Hao seizure may weaken the effect of US pressure on Hong Kong to deny the aircraft to the Communists.

NEAR EAST

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5. Shah of Iran appoints new Prime Minister:

25X1A	

The Shah has appointed Dr. Mohammed Mossadeq Prime Minister following the recommendation of the Senate and Lower House. Mossadeq, leader of the National Front, has crusaded for nationalization of the

Anglo-Iranian Oil Company and his appointment came immediately after the Majlis (Lower House) had voted for the company's expropriation. He has started to form a cabinet and draft a party program, and has instructed police to permit May Day demonstrations.

Comment: The appointment of Dr. Mossadeq, the champion of oil nationalization, to be Iran's next Prime Minister illustrates the strength which the desire to nationalize Iran's oil has attained in Iran. Prime Minister Mossadeq gives little promise of bringing stability to Iran, even though he is apparently the only candidate who can obtain sufficient support from the Majlis at this time. The Shah was virtually forced to appoint him, and the Majlis, which is normally disunited, will probably not continue to support him for long. Mossadeq, an idealist, is devoted to the principle of non-intervention by foreigners in Iran and to freedom of expression.

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